

Great Moor Junior School

Relationships and

Sex Education Policy (RSE)

Date: 2023

Today’s children and young people are growing up in an increasingly complex world, living their lives seamlessly both on, and offline. This presents many positive and exciting opportunities, but also challenges and risks.

**Introduction**

Great Moor Junior School considers that Relationships & Sex Education (RSE) is an integral part of the Personal, Social and Health Economics Education (PSHE) curriculum.

* PSHE makes a significant contribution to the promotion of young people’s personal and social development.
* Through the promotion of PSHE, skills are developed that our pupils need for them to grow and flourish as individuals and members of society.
* PSHE contributes to helping children and young people to build their personal identities, confidence, and self-esteem.
* PSHE enables them to recognise and manage their emotions and to communicate positively in a range of different scenarios.

We believe that Relationships and Sex Education includes supporting young people in developing self-confidence in preparing them for the physical and emotional changes into adulthood.

It promotes an understanding of the range of family types and other people who contribute to providing children with the care, love and support they need to grow and develop.

We passionately believe this is paramount for teaching pupils the skills and knowledge to safeguard themselves, and prepare children and young people for the challenges, opportunities, and responsibilities of adult life, building healthy relationships and staying safe.

**We aim to achieve this by**

• Providing PSHE Education that is dynamic, relevant, and appropriate for the challenges and contexts of 21st century life.

• Teaching children about equality and diversity as is our duty within the Equalities Act (2010).

• Teaching about different family structures.

•Providing our pupils with Relationships and Sex Education that is age appropriate and contributes to lifelong learning and pupil well-being.

• Providing a safe learning environment where all feel respected whilst safeguarding pupils.

•Informing and working with parents and families to support and promote our work in school by making policies and schemes of work available in school, and on our website and supporting them should they have questions or concerns about RSE.

•Working collaboratively with partners and agencies such as healthcare professionals to enrich and support pupil’s learning in Relationships and Sex education where appropriate.

**Legal Framework**

This policy has due regard to all relevant legislation and statutory guidance including, but not limited to, the following:

• Equality Act 2010

• Children and Social Work Act 2017

• DfE ‘Keeping Children Safe in Education’

• DfE ‘Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education’

• DfE ‘National curriculum in England: science programmes of study’

**This policy operates in conjunction with the following school policies:**

• Safeguarding Policy Anti-Bullying Policy

• Behaviour Policy E-safety Policy

• SEND Policy PSHE Policy

• Equality and Diversity Policy Wellbeing Policy

• Teaching & learning policy

**Definition of Relationships Education**

The focus in primary school should be on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships, with reference to friendships, family relationships, and relationships with other children and with adults.

Relationships Education also creates an opportunity to enable pupils to be taught about positive emotional and mental wellbeing, including how friendships can support mental wellbeing.

At all stages it is important to balance teaching children about making sensible decisions to stay safe (including online). These subjects complement Health Education, and as part of a comprehensive programme and whole school approach, this knowledge can support safeguarding of children.

**Aims of Relationship and Sex Education**

Although it is not statutory to deliver sex education outside of the science curriculum (which is statutory) at primary level, the Department for Education (DfE) ‘…continues to recommend that all primary schools should have a sex education programme tailored to the age and the physical and emotional maturity of the pupils.’

At Great Moor Junior School, we do teach pupils sex education beyond what is required of the science curriculum – the content is tailored to the age, and physical and emotional maturity of pupils, and ensures that boys and girls are prepared for the changes that adolescence brings, drawing on knowledge of the human life cycle.

Taking account of the age, maturity and needs of the pupils, Relationships and Sex Education aims to

• explore what a relationship, friendship and family mean, and who forms their network of support

• inform pupils about how to treat each other with kindness, consideration and respect, as well as the importance of honesty and truthfulness, permission seeking and giving, and the concept of personal privacy

• give children the confidence and self-esteem to value themselves and others

• develop confidence in talking, listening, and thinking about feelings and relationships

• be able to name parts of the body and describe how their bodies work

• prepare pupils for puberty

• develop understanding of the consequences of their actions and to behave responsibly

• be able to recognise unsafe situations and be able to protect themselves

• ensure pupils know how and where to access appropriate support

• understand the role the media plays in forming attitudes

• understand what a healthy relationship is both on and offline

Everyone involved in the teaching RSE will be clear about the boundaries of their legal and professional roles and responsibilities. Teachers will be aware that effective RSE, which brings an understanding of what is and is not acceptable, may lead to disclosure of a child protection issue.

**Safeguarding & Confidentiality**

***If a staff member has any concerns or a child discloses information giving cause for concern, this must be report to the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) and the schools safeguarding policy must be followed.***

**Equality and Diversity**

The school understands its responsibilities in relation to the Equality Act 2010, meaning that school cannot unlawfully discriminate against any pupil because of their sex, race, disability, religion or belief or sexual orientation. RSE will be taught to ensure quality of access for all pupils and avoiding discrimination**.**

We ensure our Relationships and Sex education programme is sensitive to the needs of all our pupils and their families by

* being aware of pupil’s individual characteristics, backgrounds, attitudes, and feelings
* differentiating teaching and learning from our PSHE planning to allow access to Relationships and Sex education for all our pupils including those with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) or pupils who speak English as an Additional Language (EAL)
* ensuring our programme is designed to be inclusive of all pupils
* ensuring freedom from all forms of bullying including homophobic, biphobia and transphobic bullying as is our duty within the Equalities Act (2010) through a zero-tolerance approach within all our policies and practice

**Role of the Headteacher**

It is the responsibility of the Head of School to

•ensure that parents and staff are informed about our RSE policy

•that the policy is implemented effectively

•ensure members of staff are given sufficient training, so that they can teach effectively and handle any difficult issues with sensitivity.

•monitor this policy on a regular basis and reports to governors on the effectiveness of the policy.

**Role of Subject Lead**

•Produce schemes of work to ensure progression throughout the school.

•Ensuring the subjects are age-appropriate and high-quality.

•Ensuring teachers are provided with adequate resources to support teaching of the subjects.

•Ensuring the school meets its statutory requirements in relation to the relationships, sex and health curriculum.

•Ensuring the relationships, sex and health curriculum is inclusive.

•Working with other subject leaders to ensure the relationships, sex and health curriculum complements, but does not duplicate, the content covered in the national curriculum.

•Monitoring and evaluating the effectiveness of the subjects and providing reports to the headteacher.

**The Governing Board should make sure that: -**

•Ensuring the curriculum is well led, effectively managed and well planned.

•Evaluating the quality of provision through regular and effective self-evaluation.

•Ensuring teaching is delivered in ways that are accessible to all pupils with SEND.

•Providing clear information for parents on subject content and their rights to request that their children are withdrawn.

• The subjects are resourced, staffed, and timetabled in a way that ensures that the school can fulfil its legal obligations.

RSE will be delivered as part of the school’s PSHE curriculum which has been organised in line with the statutory requirements outlined in the ‘Relationships, Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education’ guidance.<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/relationships-education-relationships-and-sex-education-rse-and-health-education>

**Organisation of the Curriculum**

 **school setting)**

 At Great Moor Junior School, we have the flexibility to deliver the content in a way that is age and developmentally appropriate and sensitive to the needs and religious background of all our pupils.

A number of teaching strategies will be used to deliver an inclusive RSE curriculum, including

* establishing ground rules with pupils.
* using ‘distancing’ techniques (e.g. Case studies)
* the provision of a ‘question box’
* dealing with children’s questions in an appropriate manner
* using discussion and age appropriate materials.
* opportunity to reflect

At Great Moor Junior School, we follow the PSHE Association learning objectives, which are split into 3 core themes: Relationships, Health and Wellbeing and Living in the Wider World.

**Please refer to appendix 1, which outlines the content pupils will have been taught by the end of Year 6 at Great Moor Junior School.**

The school seeks opportunities to draw links between relationships, sex and health education and other curriculum subjects wherever possible to enhance pupils’ learning. Relationships, sex and health education will be linked to the following subjects in particular:

**Curriculum Links**

• Science – pupils learn about the main external parts of the body and changes to the body as it grows from birth to old age, including puberty.

• Computing and ICT – pupils learn about e-safety, including how to use technology safely, responsibly, respectfully and securely, how to keep personal information private and how to access help and support.

• Circle time - pupils are given the opportunity to discuss and listen to other people views and opinions

• PSHE – pupils learn about respect and difference, values and characteristics of individuals*.*

**Assessment**

As with any learning, the assessment of pupils’ PSHE and RSE is important, as it enables the teacher to gauge individual progress. Pupils have the opportunity to reflect upon their personal learning experience, set goals, and record their understanding in a range of ways, including: - reflective diaries, class discussions, group work, pieces of art and drama/role play.

Pupil voice will also be used to inform future planning for PSHE and RSE, to ensure it is both relevant and effective.

**Monitoring and Evaluation**

The PSHE subject leader will monitor the delivery of PSHE with teaching staff to ensure consistent and coherent curriculum provision including -

• Lesson observations

• Learning walks

• Book looks

• Staff and pupil voice

**Consultation and the Role of Parents & Carers**

The school is aware that the primary role in children’s Relationships and Sex Education lies with parents and carers. We wish to build a positive and supporting relationship with the parents of children at our school through mutual understanding, trust and co-operation. Similarly, we also understand how important parent’s / carers’ views are in shaping the curriculum. In promoting this, we

* will consult and inform parents/carers about RSE through the curriculum letters, newsletters, school website and parents and open evenings.
* inform parents about our school’s Relationships and Sex Education policy and practice.
* answer any questions that parents may have about the Relationships and Sex Education of their child.
* take seriously any issue that parents raise with teachers or governors about this policy or the arrangements for Relationships and Sex Education in our school.

**Answering Difficult Questions**

If a child asks an explicit or difficult question, the staff will use their professional judgement in deciding the best way to answer it: this may be encouraging the child to ask a trusted adult at home. If the staff member is concerned, they must discuss the matter with Designated Safeguarding Lead and Parent/Carer if appropriate and always follow the schools safeguarding policy.

**Language**

At Great Moor Junior School, correct biological terms will always be used for teaching.

*Teaching children common terminology to describe genitals is important in relation to safeguarding. This aspect of teaching may link with elements of the Science curriculum around naming body parts. It also links to the following Relationships Education outcome: ‘how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so*.

**Right of Withdrawal**

Relationships and Health Education are statutory at primary school and there is no right to withdraw from these subjects. It is important for all children to be taught the content on such essential matters like friendships and keeping safe both on and offline.

As sex education is not statutory at primary level (other than what is taught as part of the science curriculum), parents / carers have the right to request to withdraw their child from all or part of the sex education curriculum.

Before considering this option, we would always encourage parents to come and talk to us.

(For more information, please go to <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/relationships-sex-and-health-education-guides-for-schools>)

**The Role of External Agencies**

The school may liaise with external agencies to support and compliment the schools PSHE/RSE programme of study. All agencies will be aware of the school’s policies and procedures and their role within them.

Any matters reported by visitors will be dealt with in line with our Safeguarding Policy

We ensure that the teaching delivered by visitor’s fits with the planned programme of study. The

content of lessons provided by external agencies is age appropriate and accessible for all pupils and

is approved by the school in advance of delivery.

**Review**

• The policy will be reviewed annually.

• The policy will be reviewed in light of any changes to statutory guidance, feedback from parents, staff or pupils, and issues in the school or local area that may need addressing.

• The governing board is responsible for approving this policy.

• Any changes made to this policy will be communicated to all staff, parents and, where necessary, pupils.

**Appendix 1: Overview of PSHE at Great Moor Junior School**

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|  | **AUTUMN 1** | **AUTUMN 2** | **SPRING 1** | **SPRING 2** | **SUMMER 1** | **SUMMER 2** |
| **YEAR 3 THEMES** | Relationships:DiversityFeelingBullyingFriendshipHealthy and unhealthy relationships | Relationships:Anti-bullying Week Conflict | Relationships:Helping others in the communityTo recognise positive behaviours in others | Relationships:Good listenersRespectNetworks of supportStereotypes | Relationships:Making friends online.StereotypesEffect of online activity on othersTrusted adults and who can be responsible for their bank account | Relationships:Stereotyping |
| Health and Wellbeing:Trusted adultsAppropriate TouchDeveloping skills to ask for help | Health and Wellbeing:Fire safetyHow to stay safe in the community / identifying risksRoad SafetyWashing hands / germsHealthy eatingIdentifying trusted adults who can keep us safe | Health and Wellbeing:Safer Internet dayUnderstanding risks in the community | Health and Wellbeing:Talking mental healthTrusted adultsThe importance of sleepExploring our feelings | Health and Wellbeing:How to stay safe onlineTo identify possible dangers and consequences onlineGeneral computer safetyKeeping money safe and the importance of saving | Health and Wellbeing:Keeping money safe and the importance of saving |
| Living in the Wider World:Rules and responsibility within societyBlack HistorySharing skills with local community – inviting them in to classThe dangers of Halloween  | Living in the Wider World:Staying safe on Bonfire NightDanger in the communityCelebrating Christmas around the world | Living in the Wider World:Helping someone in needBorrowing/StealingPlastic pollutionResponsibilityShared goalsDiscuss and debate topical issuesInternet Safety Day | Living in the Wider World | Living in the Wider World:Cyber bullyingImage sharingPermissionLive streamingUnderstanding ways that we can receive moneySaving money | Living in the Wider World:Not giving upLending and borrowing.Jobs / careersHandling money and how to manage itInfluential figures to visit and deliver a session on achievements, barriers, hurtles, mind set and goals |
|  | **AUTUMN 1** | **AUTUMN 2** | **SPRING 1** | **SPRING 2** | **SUMMER 1** | **SUMMER 2** |
| **YEAR 4 THEMES** | Relationships:Looking out for othersDiversityRecognising positive attributes of othersRespectBeing different is OKListening and responding respectfullySupporting others | Relationships:Anti-bullying weekConflict Supportive network in school | Relationships: | Relationships:Different types of relationshipsPositive and negative attributes of a relationshipWho to talk to if support is neededMaintaining healthy relationshipsPersuasive behaviourUnderstanding a range and intensity of feelings | Relationships:First impressionsA range of family structuresDifferent types of relationshipsBullying | Relationships:Resolving differencesFairnessRespectFriendshipConflictMaking judgementsGood listening |
| Health and Wellbeing:Being responsibleAppropriate behaviourTaking action when someone is unkindDangers of Halloween | Health and Wellbeing:Dangers, hazards and risks on Bonfire NightDanger, risks and hazardsWater SafetyHealth and safetyActions, incidents and consequences. | Health and Wellbeing:Maintaining a balanced lifestyleSugar content in foods and drinksBalanced mealsSleep Personal hygiene Amount of online activity  | Health and Wellbeing:Unwanted contactAcceptable and unacceptable contact.Concept of keeping something confidential or secret.Developing strategies for staying safe offline and online.Recognise and manage dares | Health and Wellbeing:Dangers of sharing information onlineBody image InfluencePersuasionPressurePhysical, mental and emotional health | Health and Wellbeing:To deepen their understanding of good and not so good feelingsHealthy EatingSafe places |
| Living in the Wider World:Personal strengths and goalsAcknowledging other peoples difficulties – mental/physical barriersBlack HistorySharing skills with local community – inviting them in to classTraditions of Halloween around the world | Living in the Wider World:Giving and receiving at Christmas School rulesRights and responsibilities | Living in the Wider World:Internet Safety Day | Living in the Wider WorldIdentifying own strengthsRecognising that they may experience conflicting emotionsConsequences of actions and behaviourResponsible use of mobile phones | Living in the Wider World:Social media age limitsCyber bullyingRecognise how images in the media (and online) do not always reflect reality PlagiarismLive streaming  | Living in the Wider World:British ValuesWhy and how rules are enforced and consequences of breaking them.EqualityParticipation Rights and responsibilitiesTackling barriersDecision makingA wide range of religions and beliefs |
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|  | **AUTUMN 1** | **AUTUMN 2** | **SPRING 1** | **SPRING 2** | **SUMMER 1** | **SUMMER 2** |
| **YEAR 5 THEMES** | Relationships:Different kinds of relationshipsHealthy/unhealthy relationships Resolving differences Accessing help / networks of supportCivil partnership and marriageCommunicationAssertivenessHow certain behaviour can affect a relationship  | Relationships:Anti-bullying weekConsidering other peoples thoughts and feelingsHelping others in time of need | Relationships:Peer pressureA sense of belongingBeing a part of the community | Relationships:Resisting peer pressure | Relationships:PubertyHygiene Growing and ChangingHealthy and Unhealthy relationshipsDiversityCelebrating uniqueness and talents | Relationships:Change and LossSeparationLife cycles |
| Health and Wellbeing:Personal boundariesPeer pressureAcceptable and unacceptable physical touch  | Health and Wellbeing:Healthy Living and balanced dietDental health and the effect of sugar Bacteria and viruses  | Health and Wellbeing:Coming home on timeRules, Respect and traditionsIdentifying risks  | Health and Wellbeing:Healthy living / balanced lifestylePhysical, mental and emotional healthFeelings and emotionsSleep Food, exercise, hygiene, smoking, drugs, alcohol, relationships, environment | Health and Wellbeing:Appropriate and inappropriate touch Effects of smoking  | Health and Wellbeing:Dangers of drugs, alcohol and tobaccoHabitKeeping safe in the environment |
| Living in the Wider World:Risk assessing Assertiveness, aggression and passivenessBlack HistoryRights to privacyConsider actions and other people’s feelings towards Halloween | Living in the Wider World:Loneliness at ChristmasHistory of Bonfire night and tradition.Sharing skills with local community – inviting them in to class | Living in the Wider World:Dangerous places in the communityDealing with unsafe situationsGlobal WarmingInternet Safety DayBehaving responsiblyImportance of rules Discuss and debate topical issues | Living in the Wider WorldLaws for smoking | Living in the Wider World:UND rights of the childAsking for helpEvaluating reliable sources The media and how it reflects reality and self-esteem | Living in the Wider World:Safety in the local areaElectricityRailwaysGoals, targets and achievementsTransitions |

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|  | **AUTUMN 1** | **AUTUMN 2** | **SPRING 1** | **SPRING 2** | **SUMMER 1** | **SUMMER 2** |
| **YEAR 6 THEMES** | Relationships:Responding to feelings in othersBullyingDifferent types of relationshipsInclusion and acceptanceListen and respond responsiblyCelebrating our uniqueness Diversity | Relationships:Anti-bullying weekDiversity | Relationships:Identifying our own and others’ uniquenessNetworks of supportTrusted adults | Relationships:PubertyGrowing and changingConceptionAdolescenceAppropriate and inappropriate touchTrustNetworks of support | Relationships:Identifying relationships around themWhat attributes in other people make them feel safeTrusted adultsTransition to secondary school | Relationships:Reflecting on progress throughout the year |
| Health and Wellbeing:Actions and consequencesAccepting help from strangers | Health and Wellbeing:Impact on physical, mental and emotional healthHealthy sleep patterns and benefits of sleepHazards, risks, dangerExplain a range of feelings  | Health and Wellbeing:Self-esteemResponsible use of phonesDistribution of imagesKeeping safe onlineProtecting personal informationSocial media age restrictions Privacy settings online | Health and Wellbeing:Male and Female reproductive systemProtecting their bodySecrecy and confidentiality Consent | Health and Wellbeing:PollutionEnergyKeeping emotionally and physically safe online and offlineResponsible use of mobile phonesPersuasive behaviours | Health and Wellbeing:BikeabiiltyFire safety |
| Living in the Wider World:DisabilityRacismMarriage around the worldReligions and beliefsBlack History Overcoming barriersOrigins of Halloween | Living in the Wider World:National equivalents of Bonfire night Conflicting emotionsGlobal inequalities from a Christmas perspective | Living in the Wider World:The impact the media has on our self-esteemThe media not reflecting realityCelebrate achievements, strengths and set targetsInternet Safety Day | Living in the Wider WorldHuman life-cycleOnline safetyStrategies to ask for support | Living in the Wider World:Handling moneySustainabilityOur environmentUniversal RightsDeforestationNational lawConsequences of rule breakingRisks, emotional impact, links between jobs and money and budgeting associated with money | Living in the Wider World:Transition to secondary schoolFears, hurdles and achievements |